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[www.netsnippets.com](http://www.netsnippets.com)

# Type II Diabetes Top 20 Websites



## 1. 01Diabetes Health Center

[^Top](#)

Abstract: Type II Diabetes Provided by A.D.A.M., Inc. Definition A chronic disease that results when the body's insulin does not work effectively. Insulin is a hormone released by the pancreas in response to increased levels of blood sugar (glucose) in the blood. Alternative Names Noninsulin-dependent diabetes mellitus; Diabetes - Type II Causes, incidence, and risk factors Symptoms Symptoms of type II diabetes include: Signs and tests Treatment EDUCATION Basic principles include: SELF-TESTING DIETARY MANAGEMENT AND WEIGHT CONTROL REGULAR PHYSICAL ACTIVITY MEDICATION FOOT CARE CONTINUING CARE: Support Groups Expectations (prognosis) Complications Prevention Last Reviewed: 5/1/2002 by Todd T. Brown, M.D., Division of Endocrinology and Metabolism, Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, MD. Review provided by VeriMed Healthcare Network.

Title: Diabetes Health Center

URL: <http://health.yahoo.com/health/centers/diabetes/000313>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[01Diabetes Health Center](#)

## 2. 02Diabetes- Online Reference For

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Abstract: Diabetes Type II and the Syndrome X Connection Updated: 06/11/2003 Autoimmune (Type I) Diabetes Type I And Type II Diabetes Signs And Symptoms Syndrome X And Type II Diabetes Diagnosis Of Syndrome X Causes And Effects Of Insulin Resistance Risks Imposed By Hyper- And Hypoglycemia Glucose, Insulin, And Glucagon Gum Disease Obesity, Hyperinsulinemia And Diabetes C-Reactive Protein And Cytokines Testosterone Smoking Drug And Nutrient Influence Insulin Therapy Treatment Options Therapeutic Section Conventional Treatment Can Be Worrisome Summary

Title: Diabetes: Online Reference For Health Concerns

URL: <http://www.lef.org/protocols/prtcl-042.shtml>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[02Diabetes- Online Reference For](#)

## 3. 03Diabetes Type II 2 Mellitus Diet

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Abstract: The main problem in Type II Diabetes is that sugar in the blood is under-utilized. The decreased creation of cellular energy from blood-sugar, and also the excess of sugar in the blood cause the symptoms of diabetes. The goal is to lower blood sugar levels and help your body improve its use of insulin (which helps the body utilize blood sugar). Meal planning, exercise, and weight loss are the main solutions. Doesn't sound like a whole lot of fun, does it? Indeed, Chinese Medicine explains why we may get stuck in a vicious cycle that makes most difficult what we need to do most (see my food cravings article). Obesity Food Allergies Meal Planning More Diabetes links from Diabetes-Guide.com: 21 diet and weight loss tips 8 tips for starting an exercise program Glycemic index list The Steps for changing a habit

Title: Diabetes Type II 2 Mellitus Diet and Lifestyle - Symptoms, Weight Loss, and Nutrition - The Pulse of Oriental Medicine

URL: <http://www.pulsemed.org/qnadiabetesdiet.htm>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[03Diabetes Type II 2 Mellitus Diet](#)

## 4. 04Diabetes and Genes in Disease

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**Abstract:** Concepts: diabetes, insulin, genetics, glucose, disease, sugar, genes, blood sugar, locus, cell, Native Americans, human genome, susceptibility, environment, linkage analysis, pancreas, signals, chromosome, complications, metabolism. Some Summary Thoughts: While there are many conditions and problems associated with diabetes, such as obesity and heart problems, the disease itself is defined only by plasma glucose levels. This type is intensively managed by controlling the blood sugar. Those with the disease don't have an absolute deficiency of insulin since their pancreas does make some. The problem seems not so much in insulin production, but that when the insulin reaches its target cells, it doesn't work correctly. Most Type II diabetes patients initially have high insulin levels along with high blood sugar. However, since sugar signals the pancreas to release insulin, Type II diabetics eventually become resistant to that signal and the endocrine-pancreas soon will not make enough insulin. The problem with diabetes is that, even if the exact same mutation caused it in everyone, it would look different from person to person and family to family, depending on environmental influences, the genetic background it's laid upon, and modifier genes. Since classical linkage analysis doesn't work very well when studying genes in a mixed population, geneticists are moving to sib-pair analysis, called IBD - Identity by Descent. The idea is that since DNA is inherited as a block, a gene locus and a marker will stay in association longer, the closer they are on the chromosome - if they are far away, the marker will fall out and they will no longer be linked. Major Susceptibility Locus for Type II Diabetes There have been several different regions of the human genome associated with susceptibility to Type II diabetes. Southwestern native Americans, including Navajo and Pueblo, have the highest rates of diabetes in the world.

Title: Diabetes and Genes in Disease

URL: <http://darwin.nmsu.edu/~molbio/diabetes/disease.html>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[04Diabetes and Genes in Disease](#)

## 5. 05Strategies for Prevention of Type 2 Diabetes

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Abstract: [An online powerpoint presentation. Quite detailed and medically/community health oriented.]

URL: <http://www.pitt.edu/~super1/lecture/lec5361/>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[05Strategies for Prevention of Type 2 Diabetes](#)

## 6. 06Postgraduate Medicine- Insulin

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Abstract: Insulin therapy in type II diabetes Who needs it, how much of it, and for how long? Jay S. Skyler, MD VOL 101 / NO 2 / FEBRUARY 1997 / POSTGRADUATE MEDICINE -----

----- If your browser does not support tables click here. This is the third of three articles on insulin therapy Preview: Patients with type II diabetes mellitus are usually not dependent on insulin for prevention of ketosis or maintenance of life. However, they often benefit from insulin therapy to control symptoms or correct disordered metabolism, and a temporary course may be used to adjust glucose control. In this article, Dr Skyler discusses underlying concepts that direct insulin therapy in type II diabetes. He also summarizes the present state of combination therapy in which insulin is paired with another glucose-lowering agent.

Title: Postgraduate Medicine: Insulin Therapy Symposium: Insulin therapy in type II diabetes

URL: [http://www.postgradmed.com/issues/1997/02\\_97/skyler.htm](http://www.postgradmed.com/issues/1997/02_97/skyler.htm)

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[06Postgraduate Medicine- Insulin](#)

## 7. 07Type II Diabetes Self-Induced

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Abstract: Concepts: diabetes, diet, American, risks, health, insulin, diseases, glucose, blood, sugar, consumption, foods, prevention, Publishing, exercise, York, nutrition, dietary fiber, medicine, American Medical Association. Some Summary Thoughts: Additionally, many diseases can be directly traced to specific dietary consumption; in this study, I have focused on type II diabetes and its accompanying risks. In the following pages, an alternate diet will be introduced as a viable option to assist in the prevention and cure of adult-onset diabetes, along with other factors. A closer look reveals that insulin can be paralyzed by two factors---obesity or high fat content in the diet. In addition to diabetes prevention and reversal, whole grains are also filled with other essential nutrients that promote good health. Because diabetes mellitus is most common among populations with low fiber intakes, Trowell theorized that diabetes was a fiber deficiency disorder as early as 1975.(64) Since that time, other researchers have proven that increased fiber can significantly prevent or slow the development of diabetes.(65),(66) As a result, the American Diabetic Association recommends 25-50 grams of fiber daily for diabetics.(67) Other individuals, like Dr. James Anderson,

believe that the "ideal" diabetic diet would include as much as 70 grams of dietary fiber per day.(68) If adequate soluble fiber is consumed, it lines the stomach and small intestine, shielding starches and sugars from digestive enzymes, preventing sugars from being released into the blood rapidly and irregularly. (66)Council on Scientific Affairs, American Medical Association, "Dietary Fiber and Health." Journal of the American Medical Association 262 (July 28, 1989), p. 542-546. (93)Medical Training Institute of America, "How to Greatly Reduce the Risk of Common Diseases." Basic Care Bulletin 2 (1990), p. 21.

Title: Type II Diabetes ... Self-Induced Disease?

URL: <http://home.judson.edu/academic/spinner/diabetes.html>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[07Type II Diabetes Self-Induced](#)

## 8. 08Controlling type II diabetes

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Abstract: Controlling type II diabetes Type II, or adult onset diabetes is the most common form of sugar diabetes. Diabetics can effectively control blood sugar levels through various methods. Concepts: blood sugar, blood sugar levels, diabetes, insulin, food, exercise, diet, control, prescribe, doctor, insulin pump, injections, physician, normal range, glucose, symptoms, diabetic needs, medications, labels, food amounts. Some Summary Thoughts: Type II, or adult onset diabetes can be controlled effectively through diet, exercise, medications, and insulin. Depending on the severity of your diabetes, medications and diet can keep blood sugar levels under control. There is no cure for diabetes, but it is a disease that a person can live with if they follow the regimen their doctor has prescribed. It is important to recognize these symptoms and take appropriate measures to bring up blood sugar levels. A diabetic needs to carry either hard candies containing sugar, special glucose tablets, juice, or other beverages containing sugar. Meals need to be eaten at regular intervals to keep blood sugar levels in the normal range. Since diabetics can have serious problems with their feet, wearing comfortable, well-fitting shoes with plenty of support is a must. While exercising, be aware of how you are feeling, and always carry supplements in case you experience low blood sugar. It is also imperative to wear an identification bracelet or necklace indicating you are a diabetic. If you are sick and unable to respond, this type of identification can save your life. Your doctor will prescribe a special diet that you should follow as closely as possible. Having a good quality scale for weighing food portions is important. It is not always easy to guess food amounts. Also, take the time to read labels. If you require daily insulin injections, you may want to talk to your doctor about an insulin pump. Talk to your physician, and find out what is best for your individual condition.

Title: Controlling type II diabetes

URL: [http://ia.essortment.com/controllingtype\\_ofm.htm](http://ia.essortment.com/controllingtype_ofm.htm)

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[08Controlling type II diabetes](#)

## 9. 09Diabetes Type II

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Abstract: Type II or Non-Insulin Dependent Diabetes Mellitus (NIDDM) NIDDM (also called maturity-onset diabetes) usually occurs in people over 30 years.... Risk factors for developing type 2 Diabetes What are the most common symptoms of Diabetes type II? Medications for Diabetes II? There are medications available that can control glucose levels. However, many doctors prescribe lifestyle changes as the first course of action, including: DIET: It is important to limit your fat intake as well as cholesterol. WEIGHT CONTROL: For people with Type 2 diabetes, minor weight loss can improve your blood glucose levels. Unfortunately, a side effect of the Type 2 diabetes medications is weight gain. EXERCISE: Research has shown that regular moderate exercise, such as taking a brisk walk, improves insulin sensitivity. Diabetes and Heart Disease 101 Weight Loss Tips for People with Diabetes Food For Thought Eating Disorders..Can be helped.

Title: Diabetes Type II

URL: <http://www.mamashealth.com/Diabetes2.asp>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[09Diabetes Type II](#)

## 10. 10AFP Monographs -- American

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Abstract: AFP Monographs American Family Physician Monographs provide high-quality education across the spectrum of family practice. System Requirements | Privacy Policy | Contact AAFP Choose from the topics below. Click the monograph title to read online or click "PDF file" for a printer-friendly version. From Page to Practice: Improving Care of Type 2 Diabetes -- 2 Prescribed CME credits available. PDF file (27 pages / 230 KB. More information on using

PDF files.) Self-control: A Physician's Guide to Blood Glucose Monitoring in the Management of Diabetes -- CME credit is not available for this monograph. PDF file (25 pages / 282 KB. More information on using PDF files.) Tertiary Prevention in Diabetes, CAD and Stroke: A Case-based Approach -- 2 Prescribed CME credits available. PDF file (26 pages / 192 KB. More information on using PDF files.) Practical Advice for Family Physicians to Help Overweight Patients -- 2 Prescribed CME credits available. (PDF File: 26 pages/192 KB. More information on using PDF files.)

Title: AFP Monographs -- American Academy of Family Physicians

URL: <http://www.aafp.org/afpmonographs.xml>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[10AFP Monographs -- American](#)

## 11. 11EMedicine - Diabetes Mellitus,

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Abstract: Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 - A Review Comprehensive, medically oriented, but generally accessible] Last Updated: June 2, 2004 Synonyms and related keywords: DM, type 2 DM, type 2 diabetes, type II diabetes, non-insulin-dependent diabetes, non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, adult-onset diabetes, adult-onset diabetes mellitus, maturity-onset diabetes, maturity-onset diabetes mellitus, maturity-onset diabetes of the young, MODY, amputation, nontraumatic lower-extremity amputation, end-stage renal disease, ESRD, macrovascular disease, diabetic foot, obesity AUTHOR INFORMATION Author: Scott R Votey, MD, Assistant Dean for Graduate Medical Education, Associate Professor of Medicine/Emergency Medicine, UCLA School of Medicine, UCLA Medical Center Coauthor(s): Anne L Peters, MD, Director of Clinical Diabetes Program, Professor, Department of Medicine, Los Angeles County/ University of Southern California Medical Center Scott R Votey, MD, is a member of the following medical societies: Society for Academic Emergency Medicine

Title: eMedicine - Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 - A Review : Article by Scott R Votey, MD

URL: <http://www.emedicine.com/EMERG/topic134.htm>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[11EMedicine - Diabetes Mellitus,](#)

## 12. 12Type 2 Diabetes- Conditions,

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Abstract: Type 2 diabetes is the most common form of diabetes.... Conditions & Treatment Complications Your Body's Well Being Common Concerns Sex & Pregnancy Ask the Pharmacist

Title: Type 2 Diabetes: Conditions, Treatments, Resources - American Diabetes Association

URL: <http://www.diabetes.org/type-2-diabetes.jsp>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[12Type 2 Diabetes- Conditions,](#)

## 13. 13Eating Tips for Type-II Diabetes

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Abstract: Eating Tips for Type-II Diabetes Listen to the article Everyone who has diabetes needs to follow an eating plan approved by their physician. And most should follow a physical activity plan, too. For some people, weight loss and active living are enough to control Type-II diabetes. For others, pills and periodic insulin injections also may be needed to keep blood sugar levels under control. Diabetes may cause major damage to your nervous system and to the blood vessels in your eyes, kidneys, heart and feet. The following are some nutrition tips for those with diagnosed Type-II diabetes:

Title: Eating Tips for Type-II Diabetes

URL: <http://outreach.missouri.edu/extensioninfoline/nutrition/diabetic-foods.html>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[13Eating Tips for Type-II Diabetes](#)

## 14. 14Help for Type 2 Diabetes

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Abstract: A Dietary Guide By: Candance Gabel, MS, RD, LD, Associate State Nutrition Specialist, Family Nutrition Education Program Adapted from: Prevention and Therapeutic Nutrition Handbook Family Nutrition Education

Programs Nutrition and Lifeskills for Missouri Families If you have Type II Diabetes Mellitus, weight control to achieve and maintain a desirable body weight is an important goal. Weight loss has been shown to improve blood glucose control. You can also improve your blood glucose levels by following the "no concentrated sweets" eating plan and cutting back on the fat in your meals. These suggestions may help.

Title: Help for Type 2 Diabetes

URL: <http://outreach.missouri.edu/hesfn/diabetes/helptype2.htm>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[14Help for Type 2 Diabetes](#)

## 15. 15Diabetes4patients com - Diabetes

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Abstract: A world of online information and inspiration for people with diabetes and their families. Diabetes Community: Explore a world of information, fun and services for people - and from people - with diabetes. Find helpful and inspiring articles on: Living with diabetes Diabetes treatment New research Diabetes Cookbook Feel like a tasty snack or a refreshing softdrink? Find loads of healthy recipes from all over the world for people with diabetes. Also: Menu Planner Recipes from A-Z Empty refrigerator functionality Insulin Devices Explore our range of insulin delivery systems - the largest in the world. With interactive guides on how the device work and operate.

Title: Diabetes4patients.com - Diabetes Information for Patients from Novo Nordisk

URL: <http://www.diabetes4patients.com/>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[15Diabetes4patients com - Diabetes](#)

## 16. 16Diagnose-Me- Condition- Diabetes

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Abstract: Concepts: diabetes, insulin, disease, glucose, risk, weight, control, patients, blood sugar, treatments, health, blood, symptoms, common, fiber, cells, foods, pancreas, acids, hormones. Some Summary Thoughts: Juvenile diabetes or insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (IDDM) is an autoimmune-related disease, usually striking between the ages of 5 and 20 years, in which patients have lost all insulin production ability. Please note that it is extremely important to obtain an accurate diagnosis before trying to find a cure. Other medications that stimulate the pancreas to produce insulin, slow digestion of carbohydrates, or reduce excess glucose production by the liver are often effective in controlling the blood sugar for a few years. A low intake of magnesium, which is a common deficiency, has been associated with insulin resistance and diabetes in several studies. These infections can in turn impair the body's ability to process and/or utilize insulin, creating a vicious circle in which your diabetes may be more difficult to control and your infection more severe than in a non-diabetic. Patients with hemochromatosis can also be diagnosed with liver disease, diabetes, heart disease and arthritis without the physician realizing that these diseases are the result of iron-overload. Increased Legume Consumption A study of 9,600 Americans found that those who ate plenty of legumes were less likely to be diagnosed with diabetes. Alzheimer's Disease (Alzheimer's) A progressive disease of the middle-aged and elderly, characterized by loss of function and death of nerve cells in several areas of the brain, leading to loss of mental functions such as memory and learning. Antibody (Antibodies) A type of serum protein (globulin) synthesized by white blood cells of the lymphoid type in response to an antigenic (foreign substance) stimulus.

Title: Diagnose-Me: Condition: Diabetes Type II

URL: <http://www.diagnose-me.com/cond/C7001.html>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004



[16Diagnose-Me- Condition- Diabetes](#)

## 17. 17Yahoo- Health Encyclopedia- Type

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Abstract: Print this page | Email this page Type II diabetes Provided by A.D.A.M., Inc. -----  
----- Overview | Treatment | Images -----  
----- Definition A chronic disease that results when the body's insulin does not work effectively. Insulin is a hormone released by the pancreas in response to increased levels of blood sugar (glucose) in the blood. Alternative Names Noninsulin-dependent diabetes mellitus; Diabetes - Type II Causes, incidence, and risk factors Prevention Symptoms Symptoms of type II diabetes include: Signs and tests Type II diabetes is diagnosed when: Last Reviewed: 5/1/2002 by Todd T. Brown, M.D., Division of Endocrinology and Metabolism, Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, MD. Review provided by VeriMed Healthcare Network.

Title: Yahoo! Health Encyclopedia: Type II diabetes Overview

URL: <http://health.yahoo.com/health/ency/adam/000313>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004

[17Yahoo- Health Encyclopedia- Type](#)**18. 18Type 2 diabetes - footcare**[^Top](#)

Abstract: Type 2 diabetes - footcare Full title: Type 2 diabetes: Prevention and management of foot problems NICE has issued a clinical guideline on footcare for people with type 2 diabetes within the NHS in England and Wales. Listed below are the key documents for this guideline, click on the title to link to the relevant document.

Title: Type 2 diabetes - footcare

URL: <http://www.nice.org.uk/page.aspx?o=101518>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004

[18Type 2 diabetes - footcare](#)**19. 19WHIOTV com - Health - Soft Drinks**[^Top](#)

Abstract: Soft Drinks And Type II Diabetes Linked Drinking more than one soft drink a day could be doing more damage than just adding a few pounds. A Harvard University study found women who drank more than one sugar-sweetened soft drink a day, significantly increased their chances of developing Type II Diabetes. The diet drinks with sugar substitutes did not increase chances of contracting the disease. Women who drank diet soda tended to lose weight.

Title: WHIOTV.com - Health - Soft Drinks And Type II Diabetes Linked

URL: <http://www.whiotv.com/health/3403016/detail.html>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004

[19WHIOTV com - Health - Soft Drinks](#)**20. 20DB's Medical Rants » About Type**[^Top](#)

Abstract: About Type II Diabetes Mellitus mnemonic for diabetes management -- FLECKS Feet care; Lipid management; Eye exams; Control; Kidney, screen for early kidney disease and treat hypertension; Shots - i.e., keep immunizations up to date Alabama is number 1 in the nation - for prevalence of type II diabetes mellitus. One must become skilled at helping patients manage diabetes mellitus. This NY Times article does a nice job summarizing the problem - Type 2: From Mother to Daughter, Shared Genes and a Burden Type 2 diabetes is more strongly inherited than Type 1, which occurs when immune cells destroy the insulin-producing cells of the pancreas. As recently as 15 years ago, most children and teenagers who developed diabetes had Type 1. Today, with obesity common among the young, clinics report that a third to a half of the new cases of childhood diabetes are Type 2, according to the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases. The family tie is an indication that Type 2 diabetes has genetic foundations, as is the fact that the disease is prevalent in certain ethnic groups: Hispanics, African-Americans, American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asian-Americans and Pacific Islanders. But genes cannot account for the soaring rates of diabetes in the United States. What's changed are the eating and exercise habits of Americans. About two-thirds of American adults are overweight or obese, as are about 15 percent of children from ages 6 to 19. And overweight people tend to be sedentary. "As someone once said, genetics loads the gun, and the environment pulls the trigger," said Dr. Judith E. Fradkin, of the National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases. "In Type 2 diabetes, it's clearly a combination of the two."

Title: DB's Medical Rants » About Type II Diabetes Mellitus

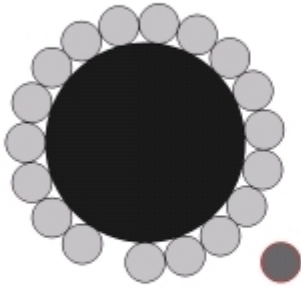
URL: <http://medrants.com/archives/2004/06/06/about-type-ii-diabetes-mellitus/>

Date Accessed: 1 Jul. 2004

[20DB's Medical Rants » About Type](#)**21. MBD Clinical Sociologist**[^Top](#)

Date Accessed: 2 Jul. 2004

## Social Life & Self-Identity



**CompassNt  
Learning  
Communities**

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- Diabetes and Genes in Disease. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://darwin.nmsu.edu/~molbio/diabetes/disease.html>>.
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- Type II Diabetes ... Self-Induced Disease?. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://home.judson.edu/academic/spinner/diabetes.html>>.
- Controlling type II diabetes. 1 Jul. 2004 <[http://ia.essortment.com/controlingtype\\_ofm.htm](http://ia.essortment.com/controlingtype_ofm.htm)>.
- Diabetes Type II. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.mamashealth.com/Diabetes2.asp>>.
- AFP Monographs -- American Academy of Family Physicians. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.aafp.org/afpmonographs.xml>>.
- eMedicine - Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 - A Review : Article by Scott R Votey, MD. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.emedicine.com/EMERG/topic134.htm>>.
- Type 2 Diabetes: Conditions, Treatments, Resources - American Diabetes Association. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.diabetes.org/type-2-diabetes.jsp>>.
- Eating Tips for Type-II Diabetes. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://outreach.missouri.edu/extensioninfo/nutrition/diabetic-foods.html>>.
- Help for Type 2 Diabetes. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://outreach.missouri.edu/hesfn/diabetes/helptype2.htm>>.
- Diabetes4patients.com - Diabetes Information for Patients from Novo Nordisk. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.diabetes4patients.com/>>.
- Diagnose-Me: Condition: Diabetes Type II. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.diagnose-me.com/cond/C7001.html>>.
- Yahoo! Health Encyclopedia: Type II diabetes Overview. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://health.yahoo.com/health/ency/adam/000313>>.
- Type 2 diabetes - footcare. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://www.nice.org.uk/page.aspx?o=101518>>.
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- DB's Medical Rants » About Type II Diabetes Mellitus. 1 Jul. 2004 <<http://medrants.com/archives/2004/06/06/about-type-ii-diabetes-mellitus/>>.
- . 2 Jul. 2004